A. General Information

Name:	ublicat	on)		
Name.		Patricia Clancy		
Title:		Assistant Director		
Office:		Enrollment		
Mailing Address:		One Campus Road		
City/State/Zip/Country:		Staten Island, NY 10301, USA	1	
Phone:		718-420-4464	1	
Fax:		718-390-3105		
E-mail Address:		patricia.clancy@wagner.edu		
	ed for re	ference on your institution's Web site?	Yes	
If yes, please provide the URL of the	corresp	onding Web page.		
www.wagner.edu/about wagner/repo		onding 1105 page.		
www.wagnon.oud/about wagnon/opol	10		4	
analytic convention, cannot provide d	lata for tomment	the CDS for which you cannot use the requested the cohort requested, whose methodology is unclear, or s in general. This information will not be published but ms.	٦	
Address Information				
Name of College/University:	Wan	ner College	7	
Mailing Address:		Campus Road	†	
City/State/Zip/Country:		en Island, NY 10301, USA	-	
Street Address (if different):	Olali	on island, ivi 10001, OOA		
City/State/Zip/Country:				
Main Phone Number:	710	390-3400	+	
WWW Home Page Address:	_		-	
		wagner.edu	-	
Admissions Phone Number:		390-3411	_	
Admissions Toll-Free Phone Number		221-1010	-	
Admissions Office Mailing Address:		Campus Road	-	
City/State/Zip/Country:		en Island, NY 10301, USA	_	
Admissions Fax Number:		390-3105	_	
Admissions E-mail Address:	adm	@wagner.edu	_	
If there is a separate URL for your				
school's online application, please				
specify:			_	
If you have a mailing address other				
than the above to which applications				
should be sent, please provide:				
Source of institutional control (Che	eck only	one):		
Public				
Private (nonprofit)	Х			
Proprietary				
Classify your undergraduate institu	ution:			
Coeducational college	Х			
Men's college				
Women's college				
Academic year calendar:	•			
Semester	Х			
	^			
Quarter				
Trimoctor	1			
Trimester				
4-1-4				
4-1-4 Continuous				
4-1-4				

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A5 Degrees offered by your institution:

Α5	Certificate	
A5	Diploma	
A5	Associate	
Α5	Transfer Associate	
A5	Terminal Associate	
A5	Bachelor's	Х
A5	Postbachelor's certificate	
Α5	Master's	Х
Α5	Post-master's certificate	Х
A5	Doctoral degree	
	research/scholarship	
Α5	Doctoral degree –	х
	professional practice	^
Α5	Doctoral degree other	

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B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

Institutional Enrollment - Men and Women Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2014. Note: Report students formerly designated as "first professional" in the graduate cells.

B1		FULL-TIME		PART	-TIME
B1		Men	Women	Men	Women
B1	Undergraduates				
B1	Degree-seeking, first-time				
	freshmen	198	244	1	0
B1	Other first-year, degree-seeking	16	26	0	4
B1	All other degree-seeking	443	824	14	30
B1	Total degree-seeking	657	1,094	15	34
B1	All other undergraduates enrolled				
	in credit courses	0	0	3	6
B1	Total undergraduates	657	1,094	18	40
B1	Graduate				
B1	Degree-seeking, first-time	57	57	9	39
B1	All other degree-seeking	36	49	30	124
B1	All other graduates enrolled in				
	credit courses	2	1	1	3
B1	Total graduate	95	107	40	166
B1	Total all undergraduates	•	•	•	1,808
B1	Total all graduate				408
B1	GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS				2,216

B2 Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2014. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns. Report as your institution reports to IPEDS: persons who are Hispanic should be reported only on the Hispanic line, not under any race, and persons who are non-Hispanic multi-racial should be reported only under "Two or more races."

	under 1 wo of more faces.			
B2		Degree-Seeking First-Time First Year	Degree-Seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non-degree-seeking)
B2	Nonresident aliens	14	45	
B2	Hispanic/Latino	51	179	
B2	Black or African American, non-Hispanic	34	120	
B2	White, non-Hispanic	311	1,214	
B2	American Indian or Alaska Native, non-Hispanic	0	2	
B2	Asian, non-Hispanic	17	55	
B2	Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, non-			
	Hispanic	1	1	
B2	Two or more races, non-Hispanic	7	35	
B2	Race and/or ethnicity unknown	7	157	
B2	TOTAL	442	1,808	0

Persistence

B3 Number of degrees awarded from July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014

B3	Certificate/diploma	
B3	Associate degrees	
B3	Bachelor's degrees	458
B3	Postbachelor's certificates	
B3	Master's degrees	197
B3	Post-Master's certificates	
B3	Doctoral degrees –	
	research/scholarship	
B3	Doctoral degrees – professional	
	practice	
B 3	Doctoral degrees – other	

Graduation Rates

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The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary on the 2014 Web-based survey.

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the Fall 2008 cohort if available. If Fall 2008 cohort data are not available, provide data for the Fall 2007 cohort.

Fall 2008 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2008. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding Fall 2008.

В4	Initial 2008 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students:	480
B5	Of the initial 2008 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	0
В6	Final 2008 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (subtract question B5 from question B4)	
В7	Of the initial 2008 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2012):	480
B8	Of the initial 2008 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2012 and by August 31, 2013):	14
В9	Of the initial 2008 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2013 and by August 31, 2014):	2
B10	Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):	307
B11	Six-year graduation rate for 2008 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):	64%

Fall 2007 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2007. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding Fall 2007.

D.4		1
В4	Initial 2007 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students:	524
B5	Of the initial 2007 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	0
В6	Final 2007 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (subtract question B5 from question B4)	J.
	44554511 2 1)	524
В7	Of the initial 2007 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2011):	
		298
В8	Of the initial 2007 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2011 and by August 31, 2012):	23
В9	Of the initial 2007 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2012 and by August 31, 2013):	3
B10	Total graduating within six years (sum of guestions B7, B8, and B9):	
	5 5 , (, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	324

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B11	Six-year graduation rate for 2007 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):	
		62%

For Two-Year Institutions

Please provide data for the 2011 cohort if available. If 2011 cohort data are not available, provide data for the 2010 cohort.

2011 Cohort

B12	Initial 2011 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:	
B13	Of the initial 2011 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	
B14	Final 2011 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions (Subtract question B13 from question B12):	0
B15	Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):	
B16	Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:	
B17	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):	
B18	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:	
B19	Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:	
B20	Total transfers to two-year institutions:	
B21	Total transfers to four-year institutions:	

2010 Cohort

B12	Initial 2010 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:	
B13	Of the initial 2010 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	
B14	Final 2010 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions (Subtract question B13 from question B12):	0
B15	Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):	
B16	Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:	
B17	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):	
B18	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of	
	normal time:	
B19	Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:	
B20	Total transfers to two-year institutions:	
B21	Total transfers to four-year institutions:	

Retention Rates

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2013 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

B22	For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate	
	students who entered your institution as freshmen in Fall 2013 (or the preceding	
	summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your	
	institution calculates its official enrollment in Fall 2014?	
		87.00%

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C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

Applications

C1 First-time, first-year, (freshmen) students: Provide the number of degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in Fall 2014. Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students who were

C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied	1023
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	1741
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted	701
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	1294
C1	Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	198
C1	Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	
	<u> </u>	

Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled
Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled

C2 Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission requirements but whose final admission was contingent on space availability)

		Yes	No
C2	Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list?	Х	
C2	If yes, please answer the questions below for Fall 2014 admissions:		
C2	Number of qualified applicants offered a placed on waiting list	41	
C2	Number accepting a place on the waiting list	23	
C2	Number of wait-listed students admitted	12	
C2	Is your waiting list ranked?	NO	

C2 If yes, do you release that information to students?

C2 Do you release that information to school counselors?

Admission Requirements

C3 High school completion requirement

C3	High school diploma is required and GED is	v
	accepted	^
C3	High school diploma is required and GED is not	
	accepted	
C3	High school diploma or equivalent is not required	

C4 Does your institution require or recommend a general college-preparatory program for degreeseeking students?

C4	Require	X
C4	Recommend	
C4	Neither require nor recommend	

Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

5	Units Required	Units Recommended
5 Total academic units	21	
5 English	4	
5 Mathematics	3	
5 Science	2	
Of these, units that must be lab	1	
5 Foreign language	2	
5 Social studies	1	
5 History	3	
5 Academic electives	6	
5 Computer Science		
5 Visual/Performing Arts		

C5	Other (specify)	
-	Othor (opcony)	

Basis for Selection

C6 Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which applies:

C6	Open admission policy as described above for all students	
C6	Open admission policy as described above for most students, but	
C6	selective admission for out-of-state students	
C6	selective admission to some programs	
C6	other (explain)	

C7 Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in first-time, first-year, degree-seeking (freshman) admission decisions.

C 7		Very Important	Important	Considered	Not Considered
C7	Academic			1	
C7	Rigor of secondary school record	х			
C7	Class rank	Х			
C7	Academic GPA	х			
C7	Standardized test scores			Х	
C7	Application Essay		x		
C7	Recommendation(s)		х		
C7	Nonacademic				
C7	Interview		Х		
C7	Extracurricular activities		х		
C7	Talent/ability		x		
C7	Character/personal qualities		х		
C7	First generation				х
C7	Alumni/ae relation				х
C7	Geographical residence				х
C7	State residency				х
C7	Religious affiliation/commitment				x
C 7	Racial/ethnic status				
C7 C7	Volunteer work				Х
-				X	1
C7	Work experience	1		X	1
C7	Level of applicant's interest			X	

SAT and ACT Policies

CR	Entrance	avame

		Yes	No
C8A	Does your institution make use of SAT, ACT, or SAT Subject Test		
	scores in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking	X	
	applicants?		

C8A If yes, place check marks in the appropriate boxes below to reflect your institution's policies for use in admission for Fall 2016.

C8A			ADMISSION			
C8A		Require	Require Recommend Require for Some Consider if No			
					Submitted	
C8A	SAT or ACT			X	X	
C8A	ACT only					
C8A	SAT only					
C8A	SAT and SAT Subject Tests or					
	ACT					
C8A	SAT Subject Tests only			х	Х	

C8B	If your institution will make use of the ACT in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants
	for Fall 2016, please indicate which ONE of the following applies: (regardless of whether the writing score will be used
	in the admissions process):

C8B ACT with Writing Component required	
C8B ACT with Writing component recommended	
C8B ACT with or without Writing component accepted	х

C8C Please Indi	cate now your institution will use the SAT or ACT writing co	mponent; cneck a	ii that appiy:
C8C		SAT essay	ACT essay
C8C For admissi	on		
C8C For placeme	ent		
C8C For advising			
C8C In place of a	an application essay		
C8C As a validity application			
C8C No college	policy as of now	х	х
C8C Not using e			
	·		

C8D In addition, does your institution	use applicants' te:	est scores for acader	nic advising?
C8D	Yes	No X	

C8E	Latest date by which SAT or ACT scores must be received for fall-	Feb. 15
C8E	Latest date by which SAT Subject Test scores must be received for	
	fall-term admission	

C8F	If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are recommended for some students,
C8F	

CSG	Please indic	ate which tests	your institution	uses for	placement (e	n e	state te	ests)
COG	i icasc iliaic	ale willer lest	your montanor	1 4363 101	piacement (v.y.,	State to	JULU J.

		•	
C8G	SAT		
C8G	ACT		
C8G	SAT Subject Tests		
C8G	AP	X	
C8G	CLEP	X	
C8G	Institutional Exam		
C8G	State Exam (specify):		

Freshman Profile

Provide percentages for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2014, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

C9 Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2014 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not critical reading for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. Do not convert SAT scores to ACT scores and vice versa. The 25th percentile is the score that 25 percent scored at or below; the 75th percentile score is the one that 25 percent scored at or above.

C9	Percent submitting SAT scores	74% Number submitting SAT scores	324
C9	Percent submitting ACT scores	15% Number submitting ACT scores	65

C9		25th Percentile	75th Percentile
C9	SAT Critical Reading	540	630
C9	SAT Math	520	640
	SAT Writing	520	630
	SAT Essay		
C9	ACT Composite	22	27
C9	ACT Math	21	27
C9	ACT English	22	28
C9	ACT Writing	21	27

C9 Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

C9		SAT Critical		
		Reading	SAT Math	SAT Writing
C9	700-800	7.00%	7.00%	6.00%

C9	600-699	43.00%	44.00%	43.00%
C9	500-599	41.00%	39.00%	40.00%
C9	400-499	9.00%	10.00%	11.00%
C9	300-399	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C9	200-299			
	Totals should = 100%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
C9		ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
C9	30-36	7.00%	7.00%	5.00%
C9	24-29	79.00%	81.00%	81.00%
C9	18-23	13.00%	11.00%	12.00%
C9	12-17	1.00%	1.00%	2.00%
C9	6-11	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C9	Below 6	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
	Totals should = 100%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

C10 Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

C10	Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class	16%	
C10	Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class	73%	
C10	Percent in top half of high school graduating class	92%	Top half +
C10	Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class	8%	bottom half = 100%
C10	Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class	1%	
C10	Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshmen) students who submitted h	nigh school	
	class rank:		57%

C11 Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school grade-point averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale). Report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA.

Percent who had GPA of 3.75 and higher	19.00%
Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74	30.00%
Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49	25.00%
Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24	18.00%
Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99	7.00%
Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49	1.00%
Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99	0.00%
Percent who had GPA below 1.0	0.00%
Totals should = 100%	100.00%
	Percent who had GPA of 3.75 and higher Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74 Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49 Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24 Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99 Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49 Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99 Percent who had GPA below 1.0 Totals should = 100%

-	Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year	
	(freshman) students who submitted GPA:	89.30
C12	Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who	
	submitted high school GPA:	100.00%

Admission Policies

Can on-line application fee be waived for applicants with

financial need?

C13 Application Fee

0.0	o Apphounion 100				
C13		Yes	No		
	Does your institution have an application fee?	x			
C13	Amount of application fee:	\$60.00			
C13		Yes	No		
	Can it be waived for applicants with financial need?	х			

C13 If you have an application fee and an on-line application option,

C13 Same fee:

^

C13 Free:

C13

C13 Reduced:

Yes	No
x	

C14 Application closing date

C14		Yes	No
C14	Does your institution have an		
	application closing date?	x	
C14	Application closing date (fall):	Feb. 15	
C14	Priority date:	Dec 1	

C15	Yes	No
C15 Are first-time, first-year students accepted for terms other than	X	

C16 Notification to applicants of admission decision sent (fill in one only)

C16	On a rolling basis beginning	
	(date):	15-Feb
C16	By (date):	
C16	Other:	

C17 Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one only)

0.7	rtopiy poney for aumittou appire	barre (iiii iii ono or	<u>''</u>
C17	Must reply by (date):		
C17	No set date:		
C17	Must reply by May 1 or within		
	2 weeks if notified		
	thereafter	x	
C17	Other:	•	
C17	Deadline for housing deposit (MM	1/DD):	5/1
C17	Amount of housing deposit:		10/26
C17	Refundable if student does not er	roll?	
C17	Yes, in full		
C17	Yes, in part		

C18 Deferred admission

No

C18			Yes	No
	Does your institution allow students to postpone enradmission?	ollment after	x	
C18	If yes, maximum period of postponement:			

C19 Early admission of high school students

C19		Yes	No
C19	Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time,		
	first-time, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before high school graduation?		x
	School graduation?		

C20 Common Application Question removed from CDS. (Initiated during 2006-2007 cycle)

Early Decision and Early Action Plans

	•	
C21	Farly	Decision

C21		Yes	No
C21	Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan		
	that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission		
	decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks		X
	students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year		
	(freshman) applicants for fall enrollment?		
004	If "year" places complete the following:		

C21 If "yes," please complete the following

021	ii yes, please complete the following.	
C21	First or only early decision plan closing date	
C21	First or only early decision plan notification date	
C21	Other early decision plan closing date	
C21	Other early decision plan notification date	

C21 For the Fall 2014 entering class:

C21	Number of early decision applications received by your institution	82
C21	Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan	76

C21 Please provide significant details about your early decision plan:

C22 Early action

C22		Yes	No
C22	Do you have a nonbinding early		
	action plan whereby students		
	are notified of an admission	X	
	decision well in advance of the		
	regular notification date but do		
C22	If "yes," please complete the		

C22	If "yes," please complete the		
C22	Early action closing date	12/1	12/1
C22	Early action notification date		1/2
-	,		

C22 Is your early action plan a "restrictive" plan under which you limit students from applying to other early plans?

C22	Yes	No
C22		X

D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

Fall Applicants

D1		Yes	No
	Does your institution enroll transfer students? (If no, please skip to Section E)	х	
	If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing credit by transferring credits earned from course work completed at other colleges/universities?	х	

D2 Provide the number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in Fall 2014.

D2		Applicants	Admitted Applicants	Enrolled Applicants	
D2	Men	88	49	32	
D2	Women	244	150	87	
D2	Total	332	199	119	

Application for Admission

D3 Indicate terms for which transfers may enroll:

D3	Fall	¥
D3	Winter	
D3	Spring	Æ
D3	Summer	

D4		Yes	No
D4	Must a transfer applicant have a minimum number of credits completed or else must apply as an entering freshman?		x
D4	If yes, what is the minimum number of credits and the unit		

D5 Indicate all items required of transfer students to apply for admission:

D5		Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not Required
D5	High school transcript				Х	
D5	College transcript(s)	Χ				
D5	Essay or personal statement	X				
D5	Interview		Х			
D5	Standardized test scores					
D5	Statement of good standing from prior institution(s)	X				

D6	If a minimum high school grade point average is required	
	of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):	

D7	If a minimum college grade point average is required of	
	transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):	3.00

- D8 List any other application requirements specific to transfer applicants:
- D9 List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

D9		Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
D9	Fall	3/15				Х
D9	Winter					
D9	Spring	12/1				Х
D9	Summer					

D10	Yes	No

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Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to transfer students?		
Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if ap	plicable:	
Transfer Credit Policies		
D12 Report the lowest grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit:	С	
D13	Number	Unit Type
D13 Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two-year institution:	18	units
D14	Number	Unit Type
D14 Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a four-year institution:	27	units
DIE Minimum and an die de		
D15 Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree:		
D16 Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree:	9 units	
D17 Describe other transfer credit policies:		

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E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1 Special study options: Identify those programs available at your institution. Refer to the glossary for definitions.

E1	Accelerated program	Х
E1	Cooperative education program	
E1	Cross-registration	
E1	Distance learning	
E1	Double major	Х
E1	Dual enrollment	
E1	English as a Second Language (ESL)	
E1	Exchange student program (domestic)	Х
E1	External degree program	
E1	Honors Program	Х
E1	Independent study	Х
E1	Internships	X
E1	Liberal arts/career combination	
E1	Student-designed major	
E1	Study abroad	X
E1	Teacher certification program	X
E1	Weekend college	
E1	Other (specify): Learning Communities	Х

- E2 This question has been removed from the Common Data Set.
- E3 Areas in which all or most students are required to complete some course work prior to graduation:

E 3	Arts/fine arts	Х
E3	Computer literacy	Х
E3	English (including composition)	Х
E3	Foreign languages	
E3	History	X
E 3	Humanities	Х
E3	Mathematics	Х
E3	Philosophy	
E 3	Sciences (biological or physical)	X
E3	Social science	Х
E3	Other (describe):Learning Communities	Х
		_

Library Collections: The CDS Publishers will collect library data again when a new Academic Libraries Survey is in place.

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F. STUDENT LIFE

F1 Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) degree-seeking students and degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled in Fall 2014 who fit the following categories:

F1		First-time, first-year	
		(freshman)	Undergraduates
		students	
F1	Percent who are from out of state (exclude		
	international/nonresident aliens from the numerator		
	and denominator)	54%	52%
F1	Percent of men who join fraternities	0%	10%
F1	Percent of women who join sororities	0%	7%
F1	Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -		
	affiliated housing	76%	70%
F1	Percent who live off campus or commute	24%	35%
F1	Percent of students age 25 and older	0%	7%
F1	Average age of full-time students	18	20
F1	Average age of all students (full- and part-time)	18	20

F2 <u>Activities offered Identify those progra</u>ms available at your institution.

	ricaria de director indenting anode	9.05
F2	Campus Ministries	Х
F2	Choral groups	Х
F2	Concert band	Х
F2	Dance	Х
F2	Drama/theater	Х
F2	International Student	х
	Organization	Α.
F2	Jazz band	Х
F2	Literary magazine	Х
F2	Marching band	Х
F2	Model UN	Х
F2	Music ensembles	Х
F2	Musical theater	Х
F2	Opera	
F2	Pep band	
F2	Radio station	Х
F2	Student government	Х
F2	Student newspaper	Х
F2	Student-run film society	
F2	Symphony orchestra	
F2	Television station	
F2	Yearbook	Х

F3 ROTC (program offered in cooperation with Reserve Officers' Training Corps)

F3		On Campus	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution
F3	Army ROTC is offered:		Х	St. John's University
F3	Naval ROTC is offered:			
F3	Air Force ROTC is offered:			

F4 Housing: Check all types of college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing available for undergraduates at your institution.

F4	Coed dorms	Χ
F4	Men's dorms	
F4	Women's dorms	
F4	Apartments for married students	
F4	Apartments for single students	
F4	Special housing for disabled	
	students	
F4	Special housing for international	
	students	
F4	Fraternity/sorority housing	Χ
F4	Cooperative housing	
F4	Theme housing	Χ
F4	Wellness housing	Χ
F4	Other housing options (specify):	Х
	Senior Year Housing	

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G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

G0 Please provide the URL of your institution's net price calculator:

Provide 2015-2016 academic year costs of attendance for the following categories that are applicable to your institution.

١	X	Check here if your institution's 2015-2016 academic year costs of attendance are not available at this
		time and provide an approximate date (i.e., month/day) when your institution's final 2015-2016 academic
l		year costs of attendance will be available:
		Feb. 1

G1 Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, room and board List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time undergraduate student for the FULL 2015-2016 academic year (30 semester or 45 quarter hours for institutions that derive annual tuition by multiplying credit hour cost by number of credits). A full academic year refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters, two trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan. Room and board is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan. Required fees include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are not included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.) Do not include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).

G1		First-Year	Undergraduates
G1	PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS		-
	Tuition:	\$40,450	\$40,450
G1	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS		
	Tuition:		
	In-district		
G1	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS		
	In-state (out-of-district):		
G1	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS		
	Out-of-state:		
G1	NONRESIDENT ALIENS		
	Tuition:	\$40,450	\$40,450
G1	REQUIRED FEES:	\$300	\$300
G1	ROOM AND BOARD:		
	(on-campus)	\$12,450	\$12,450
G1	ROOM ONLY:		
	(on-campus)		
G1	BOARD ONLY:		
	(on-campus meal plan)		
		•	
G1	Comprehensive tuition and room and	d board fee (if your	

Comprehensive tuition and room and board fee (if your college cannot provide separate tuition and room and board fees):

G1	Other:

G2		Minimum	Maximum
G2	Number of credits per term a student can take for the		
	stated full-time tuition	4 units	5 units

G3		Yes	No
G3	Do tuition and fees vary by year of study (e.g., sophomore,		v
	junior, senior)?		X

G4		Yes	No
G4	Do tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program?		х
G/		·	<u>. </u>

%

G4 If yes, what percentage of full-time undergraduates pay more than the tuition and fees reported in G1?

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G5 Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

G5		Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
G5	Books and supplies	\$809	\$809	\$809
G5	Room only			
G5	Board only			
G5	Room and board total (if your			
	college cannot provide separate			
	room and board figures for			
	commuters not living at home):			\$12,450
G5	Transportation	\$809	\$809	\$809
G5	Other expenses	\$1,397	\$1,397	\$1,397

G6 Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only)

G6	PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	
		\$5,056.00
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	
	In-district:	
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	
	In-state (out-of-district):	
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	
	Out-of-state:	
G6	NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	
		\$5,056.00

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H. FINANCIAL AID

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2013-2014 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2013-2014 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid columns. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

H1		2014-2015 estimated	2013-2014 final
	Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for items H1, H2, H2A, and H6 below:	х	

H3 Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid?
 H3 Federal methodology (FM) x
 H3 Institutional methodology (IM)

H3 Both FM and IM

H1		Need-based \$ (Include non-need-based aid used to meet need.)	Non-need- based \$ (Exclude non-need- based aid used to meet need.)
H1	Scholarships/Grants		
H1	Federal	\$1,541,222	\$0
H1	State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located)	\$1,065,886	\$23,437
H1	Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants, awarded by the college, excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below).	\$17,600,294	\$9,143,020
H1	Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college	\$197,526	\$81,529
H1	Total Scholarships/Grants	\$20,404,928	\$9,247,986
H1	Self-Help		
H1	Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	\$11,274,597	\$2,278,944
H1	Federal Work-Study	\$605,850	
H1	State and other (e.g., institutional) work-study/employment (Note:		
	Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.)	\$0	\$0
H1	Total Self-Help	\$11,880,447	\$2,278,944
H1	Other		
H1	Parent Loans	\$3,690,390	\$805,327
H1	Tuition Waivers Reporting is optional. Report tuition waivers in this row if you choose to report them. Do not report tuition waivers elsewhere.	\$365,418	\$1,085,966
H1	Athletic Awards	\$4,270,864	\$2,658,801

H2 Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

H2		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergraduate (Incl. Fresh.)	Less Than Full-time Undergraduate
H2	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2014 cohort)	442	1750	
H2	b) Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid	368	1342	

					1
H2	c)	Number of students in line b who were determined to	319	1131	
		have financial need	0.0		
H2	d)	Number of students in line c who were awarded any	319	1131	
		financial aid	319	1131	
H2	e)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any	319	1119	
		need-based scholarship or grant aid	319	1119	
H2	f)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any	000	201	
		need-based self-help aid	223	861	
H2	q)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any non-			
	,	need-based scholarship or grant aid			
H2	h)	Number of students in line d whose need was fully met			
	,	(exclude PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private	81	289	
		alternative loans)			
H2	i)	On average, the percentage of need that was met of			
	ľ	students who were awarded any need-based aid.			
		Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as			
		well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC	78.3%	69.8%	
		(PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative			
		loans)			
H2	i)	The average financial aid package of those in line d .			
	"	Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace	4		
		EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private	\$ 30,510	\$ 27,083	
		alternative loans)			
H2		Average need-based scholarship and grant award of			
	k)	those in line e	\$ 16,829	\$ 21,020	
H2	l)	Average need-based self-help award (excluding PLUS			
		loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	\$ 4,395	\$ 5,534	
		of those in line f	. ,	. ,	
H2	m)	Average need-based loan (excluding PLUS loans,			
	Ι΄	unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of			
		those in line f who were awarded a need-based loan	\$ 3,784	\$ 3,784 \$ 4,488	

H2A Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

H2A			First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh.)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
H2A	n)	Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)	85	444	
H2A	o)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line n	\$ 16,318	\$ 15,248	
H2A	p)	Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant	22	118	
H2A	q)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in line p	\$ 32,677	\$ 36,471	

H3 Incorporated into H1 above.

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4, H4a, H5, and H5a.

Include: * 2014 undergraduate class who graduated between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014 who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014.

* only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.

* co-signed loans.

Exclude: * those who transferred in.

H9 Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:
H9 Priority date for filing required financial aid forms:
Deadline for filing required financial aid forms:

Н4	Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any	time through	
	any loan programs (institutional, state, Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford		
	Unsubsidized, private loans that were certified by your institution, etc.; ex	•	
	loans). Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Ed	lucation Loans.	
H4a	Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any	time through	
	federal loan programsFederal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and		
	Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education		
	exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and parent loans.		
H5	Report the average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal bor	rowed of those	
	in line H4.		
Н5а	Report the average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal bor	rowed, of those	
	in H4a, through federal loan programsFederal Perkins, Federal Stafford		
	Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Fa	•	
	Loans. These are listed in line H4a. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state,	private	
	alternative loans and exclude parent loans.		
	Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens	(Note: Report r	numbers and
	dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)	(Note: Nepolt i	iumbers and
	adiar arrodine for the dame addadnie year drocked in territing		
Н6	Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and gra	ant aid for underg	raduate degree-
	seeking nonresident aliens:	_	-
Н6	Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available		
Н6	Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available	Х	
Н6	Institutional scholarship or grant aid is not available		
Н6	If institutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking	nonresident	
	aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident		
	were awarded need-based or non-need-based aid:		38
H6	Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergradu	uate degree-	
	seeking nonresident aliens:		\$25,711
Н6	Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate	dograd	
по	seeking nonresident aliens:	e degree-	\$977,018
	Social griotine state it allerts.		ψ377,010
H7	Check off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-year financial aid a	pplicants must su	ıbmit:
Н7	Institution's own financial aid form		
H7	CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE		
H7	International Student's Financial Aid Application		
H7	International Student's Certification of Finances		
Н7	Other (specify):		
	Process for First-Year/Freshman Students		
Н8	Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid	id applicants mus	t submit:
H8		X	
H8	Institution's own financial aid form		
H8 H8	CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE	v	
по Н8	State aid form :: Noncustodial PROFILE	X	
H8	Business/Farm Supplement		
H8	Other (specify):		

^{*} money borrowed at other institutions.

Н9	No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis):			
H10	Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students (answer	raor	p).	
H10	a) Students notified on or about (date):			3/1
H10	Yes		No	
H10	b) Students notified on a rolling basis: x			
H10	If yes, starting date:	3/1		
H11	Indicate reply dates:			
H11	Students must reply by (date):			
H11	or within weeks of notification.	3.00		
	Tunes of Aid Aveilable			
	Types of Aid Available			
	Please check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at you	r insti	tution:	
H12	Loans			
H12	FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN)			
H12	Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans		X	
H12	Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans		X	
H12	Direct PLUS Loans		X	
H12	Federal Perkins Loans		×	

H13 Scholarships and Grants

H12 Federal Nursing Loans

H12 College/university loans from institutional funds

H13 NEED-BASED:

H12 State Loans

H12 Other (specify):

піз	NEED-BASED:	
H13	Federal Pell	Х
H13	SEOG	Х
H13	State scholarships/grants	Х
H13	Private scholarships	Х
H13	College/university scholarship or grant aid from institutional funds	Х
H13	United Negro College Fund	
H13	Federal Nursing Scholarship	
H13	Other (specify):	
		•

H14 Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.

H14		Non-Need Based	Need-Based
H14	Academics	Х	
H14	Alumni affiliation		
H14	Art		
H14	Athletics	X	
H14	Job skills		
H14	ROTC		
H14	Leadership	X	
H14	Minority status		
H14	Music/drama	Х	
H14	Religious affiliation		
H14	State/district residency		

H15

If your institution has recently implemented any major financial aid policy, program, or initiative to make your institution more affordable to incoming students such as replacing loans with grants, or waiving costs for families below a certain income level please provide details below:

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2014. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for

I1 IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

	Full-time	Part-time
(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or pre-doctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non- clinical credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non- clinical credit courses
(c) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
(e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instructional faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as Black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration. Also includes terminal degrees formerly designated as "first professional," including dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), or law (JD).

Terminal degree: the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts).

11			Full-Time	Part-Time	Total
I1	a)	Total number of instructional faculty	98	123	221
I1	b)	Total number who are members of minority groups	9	17	26
I1	c)	Total number who are women	49	61	110
I1	d)	Total number who are men	49	62	111
11	e)	Total number who are nonresident aliens (international)	0	0	0
	f)	Total number with doctorate, or other terminal degree			
I1			80	12	92
	g)	Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal			
I1		master's	12	53	65
I1	h)	Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	6	36	42
	i)	Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note:			
I1	1)	Items f, g, h, and i must sum up to item a.)	0	22	22
	iλ	Total number in stand-alone graduate/ professional programs in			
11	J <i>)</i>	which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students			

I2 Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2014 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

12	Fall 2014 Student to Facult	y ratio	15	to 1	(based on	2216	students

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221 faculty). and

Undergraduate Class Size

13

13 13 In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2014 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of class sections and class subsections offered in Fall 2014. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)

13	Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)								
13	CLASS	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
13	SECTIONS	88	192	121	26	1	7	0	435

3	CLASS SUB-	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
3	SECTIONS	60	79	20	3	4	6	0	172

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J. DEGREES CONFERRED

J1 Degrees conferred between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014

J1 For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1st majors only.

J1	Category	Diploma/Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 2010 Categories to Include
J1	Agriculture				1
J1	Natural resources and conservation				3
J1	Architecture				4
J1	Area, ethnic, and gender studies				5
J1	Communication/journalism				9
J1	Communication technologies				10
J1	Computer and information sciences			0.008	11
J1	Personal and culinary services				12
J1	Education			0.05	13
J1	Engineering				14
J1	Engineering technologies				15
J1	Foreign languages, literatures, and linguistics			0.015	16
J1	Family and consumer sciences				19
J1	Law/legal studies				22
J1	English			0.03	23
J1	Liberal arts/general studies				24
J1	Library science				25
J1	Biological/life sciences			0.06	26
J1	Mathematics and statistics			0.01	27
J1	Military science and military technologies				28 & 29
J1	Interdisciplinary studies			0.041	30
J1	Parks and recreation				31
J1	Philosophy and religious studies			0.004	38
J1	Theology and religious vocations				39
J1	Physical sciences			0.006	40
J1	Science technologies				41
J1	Psychology			0.079	42
J1	Homeland Security, law enforcement, firefighting, and				43
	protective services				
J1	Public administration and social services				44
J1	Social sciences			0.1	45
J1	Construction trades				46
J1	Mechanic and repair technologies				47
J1	Precision production				48
J1	Transportation and materials moving				49
J1	Visual and performing arts			0.187	50
J1	Health professions and related programs			0.27	51
J1	Business/marketing			0.12	52
J1	History			0.02	54
J1	Other		-		
J1	TOTAL (should = 100%)	0.00%	0.00%	100.00%	

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Common Data Set Definitions

All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.

Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

* Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

* Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska Native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) and maintaining tribal affiliation or community attachment.

Applicant (first-time, first year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black or African American: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa.

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

Campus Ministry: Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.

* Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

* **Community service program:** Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative education program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

* Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctor's degree-research/scholarship: A Ph.D. or other doctor's degree that requires advanced work beyond the master's level, including the preparation and defense of a dissertation based on original research, or the planning and execution of an original project demonstrating substantial artistic or scholarly achievement. Some examples of this type of degree may include Ed.D., D.M.A., D.B.A., D.Sc., D.A., or D.M, and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-professional practice: A doctor's degree that is conferred upon completion of a program providing the knowledge and skills for the recognition, credential, or license required for professional practice. The degree is awarded after a period of study such that the total time to the degree, including both pre-professional and professional preparation, equals at least six full-time equivalent academic years. Some of these degrees were formerly classified as "first-professional" and may include: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.); Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.); Law (L.L.B. or J.D.); Medicine (M.D.); Optometry (O.D.); Osteopathic Medicine (D.O.); Pharmacy (Pharm.D.); Podiatry (D.P.M., Pod.D., D.P.); or, Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-other: A doctor's degree that does not meet the definition of a doctor's degree research/scholarship or a doctor's degree - professional practice.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college in the United States without extending the amount of time required for a degree. See also Study abroad.

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, **first-year** (**freshman**) **student**: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

* **Health services:** Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

Hispanic or Latino: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

International student group: Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

* Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

* Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div., M.H.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require more than two full-time equivalent academic years of work.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

* Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

Model United Nations: A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.

Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.

Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

* On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

* **Personal counseling**: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

- * Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.
- * Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Room and board (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

* Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

* Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

- * Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.
- * Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa.

* Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

Financial Aid Definitions

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants
Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT CHANGES TO THE CDS FOR 2014-2015

There are no structural or definitional changes to **CDS for 2014-2015:** other than the incremental advancement by one for year-dependent items.